## **Technical Manual**

Part 5: Proprietary Fixing & Brackets and Surface Finishes





#### 8.1 CSR Hebel Fixing Guide

#### Introduction

CSR Hebel produces lightweight products manufactured from CSR Hebel autoclaved aerated concrete (AAC). AAC has a cellular structure of extremely small, well dispersed air pockets, formed from a liberated gas during the manufacturing process.

This guide has been produce to assist in the selection of the appropriate fixing for use with CSR Hebel AAC. The choice of fixing is dependent upon the application, loading requirements and finish. The fixings detailed in this guide are available through a CSR Hebel distributor, some major hardware outlets, or the manufacturer of the particular fixing. A list of contact details is provided.

The CSR Hebel building systems and products, as well as proprietary products by other manufacturers, are continuously

being developed. This on-going development may result in changes to product specifications, range and performance characteristics from time to time. Therefore, it is important that the user of this guide ensure that they are in possession of the latest information by:

- For CSR Hebel fixings and brackets, visiting the CSR Hebel website; or
- For proprietary fixings by others, contact the manufacturer or visit the appropriate website.

#### **Fixing selector**

Determine the grade of fixing (Selection table) to suit your application and select a fixing (Types of Fixing Table). Use 'Design Tables' to check the adequacy of the fixing and contact the manufacturer for confirmation.

Note: 1kN is slightly less than 100kg.

|  | Crada of Eiving | Application  | Working (Permissible) Loads |                   |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
|  | Grade of Fixing | Application  | Load (kN)                   | Approx. Load (kg) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Light Duty      | Skirtings, coat hooks, small light fittings, towel rails,<br>mirrors, picture & painting hangings, pipe brackets,<br>carpet smooth edge.   | < 0.2                       | ~ 20              |  |  |  |  |
|  | Medium Duty     | Mirrors, large light fittings, door & window framing,<br>plasterboard, shelving, lightweight cupboards &<br>fittings, meter box, tool rack, curtain tracks & rods,<br>towel rails. | 0.2 - 0.5                   | 20 - 50           |  |  |  |  |
|  | Heavy Duty      | Grab rails, hand rails, cisterns, clothes dryers, hand basin, sinks, heavy cupboards.  | 0.5 - 2.0                   | 50 - 200          |  |  |  |  |

#### Selection of Grade of Fixing



#### **Types of Fixings and Supplier**

| Table/Fastener                              | Supplier  | Page Number |
|---|---|-------------|
|   | Light Duty Fixings                                |             |
| Galvanised Clasp Nail                       | Hardware Store                                    | 8.4         |
| Coarse Thread Screw                         | Hardware Store / Screw Manufacturer – Distributor | 8.4         |
| Helifix TurboFast                           | Helifix   | 8.5         |
| Hilti HGN gas concrete anchor               | Hilti   | 8.6         |
| Hilti HPS-1 impact anchor                   | Hilti   | 8.13        |
| Mungo Multi Plug Nylon MU                   | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.20        |
| Mungo Nylon Plug MN                         | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.19        |
| Mungo Nylon Plug Long MNL                   | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.19        |
| Powers Rubber Nut                           | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.18        |
| Powers Zip It®                              | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.18        |
| Ramset Easy Drive Masonry Anchor            | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.21        |
| Ramset Ramplug Masonry Anchor               | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.22        |
| Ramset Long Ramplug Masonry<br>Anchor       | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.22        |
| Ramset Ultra Long Ramplug<br>Masonry Anchor | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.23        |
| TOX-TFS-L Long Plug                         | TOX Fasteners                                     | 8.24        |
| TOX-VLF Framing Fixings                     | TOX Fasteners                                     | 8.24        |
| Fischer Nylon Twist Lock Anchor<br>Type-GB  | Southern Cross Fasteners                          | 8.26        |
|   | Medium Duty Fixings                               |             |
| Galvanised Clasp Nail                       | Hardware Store                                    | 8.4         |
| Helifix TurboFast                           | Helifix   | 8.5         |
| Hilti HRD-U frame anchor                    | Hilti   | 8.15        |
| Hilti HGN gas concrete anchor               | Hilti   | 8.6         |
| Mungo Multi Plug Nylon MU                   | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.20        |
| Mungo Nylon Frame Plug MB-S                 | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.20        |
| Ramset Ramplug Masonry Anchor               | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.22        |
| Ramset Long Ramplug Masonry<br>Anchor       | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.22        |
| Ramset Ultra Long Ramplug<br>Masonry Anchor | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.23        |
| TOX-TFS-L Long Plug                         | TOX Fasteners                                     | 8.24        |
| TOX-VLF Framing Fixings                     | TOX Fasteners                                     | 8.24        |
| TOX-MKD Metal Claw Plug                     | TOX Fasteners                                     | 8.25        |
| Fischer Nylon Twist Lock Anchor<br>Type-GB  | Southern Cross Fasteners                          | 8.26        |
|   | Heavy Duty Fixings                                |             |
| Hilti HIT-RE 500 injection adhesive         | Hilti   | 8.10        |
| Hilti HIT-HY 150 injection mortar           | Hilti   | 8.7         |
| Mungo Multi Plug Nylon MU                   | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.20        |
| Mungo Nylon Frame Plug MB-S                 | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.20        |
| Power-Fast Plus® epoxy injection gel        | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.17        |
| KF2 Polyester injection gel                 | Powers Fasteners                                  | 8.17        |
| Ramset Chemical Injection System            | Ramset Fasteners                                  | 8.21        |
| TOX-KD-DV Heavy Load Toggle                 | TOX Fasteners                                     | 8.25        |
| Fischer Nylon Twist Lock Anchor<br>Type-GB  | Southern Cross Fasteners                          | 8.26        |



#### 8.2 Fixing Suppliers

CSR Hebel recommends contacting the manufacturer of proprietary fixings for the local outlet.

#### Manufacturer Contact Details New South Wales

#### Hilti

Ph: 131 292 Fax: 1300 135 042 23 Egerton Street Silverwater NSW 2128 www.hilti.com

#### Ramset

Ph: 1300 780 063 Fax: 1300 556 676 71 Carnarvon Street Silverwater NSW 2128 Email: enquiry@ramset.com.au www.ramset.com.au

#### **Fischer Fasteners**

#### c/o Southern Cross Fasteners

Ph: (07) 5524 3919 Fax: (07) 5524 9230 1/35 Machinery Drive South Tweed Heads NSW 2485 Email: sxf@iinet.net.au

#### Helifix (Aust.) P/L

Ph: (02) 9368 7707 Fax: (02) 9368 7714 Level 7,100 William Street East Sydney NSW 2011 www.helifix.com.au

#### Macsim Fastenings P/L

Ph: 1800 022 019 Fax: (02) 9881 2444 10 Wonderland Drive Eastern Creek NSW 2766 www.macsim.com.au

#### **ITW Buildex**

Ph: 1300 368 101 Fax: 1800 456 448 4 Ash Road Hoxton Park NSW 2171 www.buildex.com.au

#### Victoria

Powers Fasteners Ph: (03) 8787 5888 Fax: (03) 8787 5899 Factory 3 /205 Abbott Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 www.powers.com.au

#### **TOX Fasteners**

Ph: (03) 9338 3996 Fax: (03) 9338 8366 47 Allied Drive Tullamarine VIC 3043

#### **CSR Hebel Distributors Contact Details**

The 'Contact Details' of the 'Distributors' can be obtained by visiting the CSR Hebel website www.hebelaustralia.com.au or contacting CSR Hebel on 1300 369 448.



#### 8.3 Galvanised Clasp Nail

Galvanised clasp nails can be used to fasten many items to CSR Hebel. The galvanised clasp nail shall have a minimum penetration depth of 50mm. This will give a working pullout load of 0.1kN with a factor of safety of 5. Nails are hammered directly into CSR Hebel and should not be pre-drilled.



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#### Allowable Capacity of Galvanised Clasp Nails

| Nail Length | Penetration   | A       | llowable Pullout (kl | Recommended |                             |
|-------------|---------------|---------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| (mm)        | Depth<br>(mm) | AAC-2.5 | AAC-3.5              | AAC-5.0     | Applications                |
| 100         | 88            | 0.12    | 0.17                 | 0.29        | Light Door Frames, Pictures |
| 125         | 110           | 0.16    | 0.23                 | 0.39        | Window Frames               |
| 150         | 138           | 0.26    | 0.37                 | 0.64        | Gypsum Board                |

#### 8.4 Coarse Thread Screws

CSR Hebel recommends using a 50mm long x 10 gauge coarse thread screw, with applicable type head, to secure plasterboard sheeting or fixing metal door frames.



| Screw Type                                | Minimum Embedment(mm) | Pullout Working Load (kN)Factor of<br>Safety = 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Macsim : 10G x 60mm coarse thread         | 52 +/- 2              | 0.27   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildex : 10-12 x 50mm coarse thread      | 40 +/- 1              | 0.17   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14-10 x 50mm large head                   | 35 (assumed)          | 0.06   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14-10 x 65mm Type 17 - 20mm edge<br>dist. | 50 (assumed)          | 0.24   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14-10 x 65mm Type 17 - 40mm edge<br>dist. | 50 (assumed)          | 0.38   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14-10 x 65mm Type 17 - 50mm edge<br>dist. | 50 (assumed)          | 0.31   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14-10 x 150mm Type 17                     | 75                    | 0.28   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100mm HAPES                               | 45                    | 0.29   |  |  |  |  |  |



#### 8.5 HELIFIX TurboFast

TurboFast fixings offer a fast, reliable and economical method for securing timber to low density blocks.

Principle benefits of TurboFast fixings are:

- Manufactured from stainless steel, therefore resist corrosion.
- No pre-drilling required.
- No plugs or screws.
- No problems with splitting of blocks or timber.
- Not loosened by over hammering.
- Straight fixing recommended skew nailing not required.
- Reduced installation cost.
- Power installer available for rapid fixing.

• For fixing timber door and window frames, skirtings, architraves, battens and trims. Also decorative AAC facings and trims to Hebel.

#### **TurboFast Strength Capacities**

| TurboFast          | Embedment | Working Load (kN) (Factor of Safety = 3) |       |  |
|--------------------|-----------|--|-------|--|
| Diameter (mm) (mm) |           | Pullout                                  | Shear |  |
| 6                  | 6 50      |  | -     |  |
| 6                  | 80        | -  | 0.24  |  |
| 6                  | 90        | 0.35                                     | 0.26  |  |
| 6                  | 120       | 0.46                                     | -     |  |
| 8                  | 50        | 0.29                                     | -     |  |
| 8                  | 80        | -  | 0.28  |  |
| 8                  | 90        | 0.47                                     | 0.31  |  |
| 8                  | 120       | 0.56                                     | -     |  |





#### **HILTI Product Specifications** 8.6

## - **-** -HGN gas concrete anchor

| Features:        |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                  | - base material: aerated lightweight concrete, gypsum<br>panel, and other lightweight building materials |  |  |  |
|                  | - through-fastening possible   |  |  |  |
|                  | - universal in application   |  |  |  |
|                  | - good keying thanks to large fins   |  |  |  |
| <u>Material:</u> |  |  |  |  |
|                  | - PA 6 polyamide, containing no heavy metals   |  |  |  |
|                  | - containing no cadmium or lead, halogens, or silicones  |  |  |  |
|                  | - temperature when setting: from -10 °C to +40 °C  |  |  |  |
|                  |  |  |  |  |



#### Basic loading data: HGN

\* Working Loads; Nrec & Vrec [kN]:

| Base material  | HGN 12 + 8mm x | 100 coach screw | HGN 14 + 10mm x 110 coach screw |              |
|--|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
|  | Nrec<br>(kN)   | Vrec<br>(kN)    | Nrec<br>(kN)                    | Vrec<br>(kN) |
| Aerated lightweight concrete panel (1)<br>Characteristic compressive strength, f <sub>c</sub> = 4.5MPa | 0.5            | 0.3             | 0.9                             | 0.3          |
| Aerated lightweight concrete block (2)<br>Characteristic compressive strength, fc = 2.25MPa            | 0.5            | 0.3             | 0.7                             | 0.3          |

\* The working load is calculated from the characteristic ultimate load divided by a factor of safety = 4.

\* The working load is calculated with no edge distance or spacing influence. \* N<sub>rec</sub> = recommended working load in tension, V<sub>rec</sub> = recommended working load in shear. \* Holes produced by rotary drilling only.

\* At temperatures above 40 °C, the recommended figure should be reduced if there is a sustained tensile load.

 At temperatures above 40°C, the recommended ingure should be reduced in there is a sustained tensile load.
 \* NB: 1Kb, is approximately 100kg.
 (1) Tests were carried out on 150mm thick CSR Hebel wall panels and are valid for all similar materials (nominal dry density 550kg/m3). (2) Tests were carried out on 175mm thick CSR Hebel blocks and are valid for all similar materials (nominal dry density 470kg/m3).

#### Setting details

| ietti   | ng deta | Anchor size                   | HGN 12                   | HGN 14                   |       |
|---------|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| do      | [mm]    | Drill bit and anchor diameter | 12                       | 14                       |       |
|         | [mm]    | Min. hole depth               | 95                       | 110                      |       |
| I       | [mm]    | Anchor length                 | 75                       | 85                       |       |
| s       | [mm]    | Required screw length         | I + t <sub>ftx</sub> + 5 | l + t <sub>ftx</sub> + 5 |       |
| d       | [mm]    | Required screw shank diameter | 8-10                     | 10-12                    | h1 h1 |
| Drill b | oit     | •                             | TE-CX-12/22              | TE-CX-14/22              |       |

#### Setting operations



.. . 



#### HIT-HY 150 injection mortar with HAS rod

| Features:  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|--|--|
|            | <ul> <li>base material: concrete, aerated lightweight<br/>concrete</li> </ul>      |  |  |  |
|            | - two-component hybrid adhesive  |  |  |  |
|            | - rapid curing   |  |  |  |
|            | - no expansion forces in base material   |  |  |  |
|            | - high loading capacity  |  |  |  |
|            | - small edge distance and anchor spacing possible                                  |  |  |  |
|            | - clean and simple application   |  |  |  |
|            | - fastening through in-place parts   |  |  |  |
|            | - special lengths available on request   |  |  |  |
| Material:  |  |  |  |  |
| Mortar:    | - Hilti HIT-HY 150, standard size 330 ml<br>- Hilti HIT-HY 150, Jumbo size 1100 ml |  |  |  |
| HAS-E:     | - grade 5.8, ISO 898 T1, zinc plated to min.5 µm                                   |  |  |  |
| HAS-EF:    | - grade 5.8 hot dip galvanised   |  |  |  |
| HAS-ER:    | - stainless steel, A4-70   |  |  |  |
| Dispenser: | - MD2000, BD2000, P3000 F, P5000 HY  |  |  |  |



#### Basic loading data HIT-HY 150 with HAS-E, HAS-EF, HAS-ER

#### \* Working Loads; Nrec & Vrec [kN]:

| A Base material                                  | nchor Size | M8    | M10   | M12   |
|--|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Aerated Lightweight Concrete                     | Nrec       | 1.8kN | 2.3kN | 2.9kN |
| Characteristic Compressive Strength, fc = 4.5MPa | Vrec       | 0.5kN | 0.7kN | 0.9kN |

\* The working load is calculated from the characteristic ultimate load divided by a factor of safety = 3

\*  $N_{rec}$  = recommended working load in tension,  $V_{rec}$  = recommended working load in shear \* Holes produced by rotary drilling only, then cleaned as per setting operations to remove all dust in hole.

\* Dry density of aerated lightweight concrete > 550kg/m

\* NB: 1kN is approximately 100kg

| Thread size<br>(mm) | Hole dia.<br>(mm) | Hole depth<br>(mm) | Edge dist. min.<br>(mm) | Spacing min.<br>(mm) | Rod length<br>(mm) | Max. thickness<br>Fastened (mm) | Rod designation  |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| M8                  | 10                | 80                 | 80                      | 160                  | 110                | 14                              | HAS-E M8x80/14   |
| M10                 | 12                | 90                 | 90                      | 180                  | 130                | 21                              | HAS-E M10x90/21  |
| M12                 | 14                | 110                | 110                     | 220                  | 160                | 28                              | HAS-E M12x110/28 |

\* Edge distance min. and spacing min. refer to the minimum edge distance and spacing to retain full load capacity in tension and shear.

Hilti = registered trademark of the Hilti Corporation, Schaan Data produced by Hilti (Aust.) Pty Ltd



#### HIT-HY 150 injection mortar with HAS rod

Setting details



| Anchor size                                       |                                  | M8                                     | M10          | M12          |  |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--------------|--------------|--|
|   | E/ ED                            | (M8x110/14)                            | (M10x130/21) | (M12x160/28) |  |
|   | nas-e/-er/-er                    |  | M10x90/21    | M12x110/28   |  |
| do [mm] Drill bit diameter                        |                                  | 10                                     | 12           | 14           |  |
| h [mm] Hole depth                                 |                                  | 80                                     | 90           | 110          |  |
| h <sub>min</sub> [mm] Min. base material thickne  | SS                               | 100                                    | 100 120      |              |  |
| t <sub>fix</sub> [mm] Max. fixture (fastenable) t | hickness                         | 14                                     | 21           | 28           |  |
| d <sub>f</sub> [mm] Clearance<br>hole             | [mm] Clearance rec.<br>hole max. |  | 12<br>13     | 14<br>15     |  |
| Injected volume                                   |                                  | 5                                      | 8            | 12           |  |
| (guide) <sup>2),3)</sup>                          |                                  | The hole must be at least 2/3rds full. |              |              |  |
| Drill bit   |                                  | TE-CX-10/22                            | TE-CX-12/22  | TE-CX-14/22  |  |

<sup>1)</sup> The values in the first line describe the old specification for the anchor rod.

<sup>2)</sup> Note: To ensure that optimal holding power is obtained, the first two trigger pulls of adhesive after opening a foil pack of Hilti HIT-HY 150 must be thrown away. <sup>3)</sup> One trigger pull is approx. 8 ml mortar when using the MD 2000.

| Base Material temperature, | Working time in which rod<br>can be inserted and<br>adjusted, | Curing time before anchor<br>can be fully loaded, |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| °C                         | t <sub>gel</sub>  | t <sub>cure</sub>                                 |
| -5                         | 90 min.   | 6 hours   |
| 0                          | 45 min.   | 3 hours   |
| 5                          | 25 min.   | 1.5 hours   |
| 20                         | 6 min.  | 50 min.   |
| 30                         | 4 min.  | 40 min.   |
| 40                         | 2 min.  | 30 min.   |

The foil pack temperature must be at least +5°C.

#### Installation equipment

Rotary hammer (TE1, TE 2, TE5, TE6A, TE15, TE15-C,), a drill bit, the dispensing gun (MD 2000, BD 2000 P3000 F, P5000 HY), blow-out pump, a brush & a wrench.





#### HIT-HY 150 injection mortar with HAS rod

Clean hole.

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10 °F °C

Insert rod before gel time.

3x **a**v

#### Setting operations



Drill hole.



Screw in mixer.



Release dispenser.



Tinst D

Apply tightening torque.

Put cartridge into

dispenser.

3>

Throw away (must) first

two trigger pulls.

90 mir 45 min 25 min

Insert foil pack into holder.



Inject adhesive.



Wait for curing.

#### Anchor geometry and mechanical properties



| Anchor siz              | .e                           |                          | M8           | M10          | M12          |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| A₅ [mm²]                | Stressed cross-section       |                          | 32.8         | 52.3         | 76.2         |
| f <sub>uk</sub> [N/mm²] | Nominal tensile<br>strength  | HAS-E, HAS-EF<br>HAS-ER  | 500<br>700   | 500<br>700   | 500<br>700   |
| f <sub>yk</sub> [N/mm²] | Nominal yield strength       | HAS-E, HAS-EF<br>HAS-ER  | 400<br>450   | 400<br>450   | 400<br>450   |
| W [mm³]                 | Section modulus              |                          | 26.5         | 53.3         | 93.9         |
| M <sub>Rd,s</sub> [Nm]  | Design bending resistance 1) | HAS-E , HAS-EF<br>HAS-ER | 12.7<br>14.3 | 25.6<br>28.7 | 45.1<br>50.6 |
| S <sub>w</sub> [mm]     | Width across flats           |                          | 13           | 17           | 19           |
| d <sub>w</sub> [mm]     | Washer diameter              |                          | 16           | 20           | 24           |

<sup>1)</sup> The design bending resistance of the anchor rod was calculated from  $M_{Rd,s} = (1.2*W* f_{uk})/\gamma_{Ms,b}$ , where the partial safety factor for steel of grade 5.8 is  $\gamma_{Ms,b}$  = 1.25, for A4-70 and HCR  $\gamma_{Ms,b}$  = 1.56. Verification of the safety level is then  $M_{Sk}^*\gamma_F \le M_{Rds.}$ 

Hilti = registered trademark of the Hilti Corporation, Schaan Data produced by Hilti (Aust.) Pty Ltd

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#### HIT-RE 500 injection adhesive with HAS rod

| Features:        |  |
|------------------|--|
|                  | <ul> <li>base material: concrete, aerated lightweight<br/>concrete</li> </ul>      |
|                  | - two-component adhesive   |
|                  | <ul> <li>long working time at elevated temperatures</li> </ul>                     |
|                  | - no expansion forces in base material   |
|                  | - high loading capacity  |
|                  | - small edge distance and anchor spacing possible                                  |
|                  | - clean and simple application   |
|                  | - fastening through in-place parts   |
|                  | - special lengths available on request   |
| <u>Material:</u> |  |
| Mortar:          | - Hilti HIT-RE 500, standard size 330 ml<br>- Hilti HIT-RE 500, Jumbo size 1100 ml |
| HAS-E:           | - grade 5.8, ISO 898 T1, zinc plated to min.5 μm                                   |
| HAS-EF:          | - grade 5.8 hot dip galvanised   |
| HAS-ER:          | - stainless steel; A4-70   |
| Dispenser:       | - MD2000, BD2000, P3000 F, P5000 HY  |



#### Basic loading data HIT-RE 500 with HAS-E, HAS-EF, HAS-ER

\* Working Loads; Nrec & Vrec [kN]:

| Base material                                    | Anchor Size      | M8    | M10   | M12   |
|--|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Aerated Lightweight Concrete                     | Nrec             | 2.1kN | 2.7kN | 3.0kN |
| Characteristic Compressive Strength, fc = 4.5MPa | V <sub>rec</sub> | 0.5kN | 0.7kN | 0.9kN |

\* The working load is calculated from the characteristic ultimate load divided by a factor of safety = 3

\* Nrec = recommended working load in tension, Vrec = recommended working load in shear

\* Holes produced by rotary drilling only, then cleaned as per setting operations to remove all dust in hole.

\* Dry density of aerated lightweight concrete > 550kg/m \* NB: 1kN is approximately 100kg

| Thread size<br>(mm) | Hole dia.<br>(mm) | Hole depth<br>(mm) | Edge dist. min.<br>(mm) | Spacing min.<br>(mm) | Rod length<br>(mm) | Max. thickness<br>Fastened (mm) | Rod designation  |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| M8                  | 10                | 80                 | 80                      | 160                  | 110                | 14                              | HAS-E M8x80/14   |
| M10                 | 12                | 90                 | 90                      | 180                  | 130                | 21                              | HAS-E M10x90/21  |
| M12                 | 14                | 110                | 110                     | 220                  | 160                | 28                              | HAS-E M12x110/28 |

\* Edge distance min. and spacing min. refer to the minimum edge distance and spacing to retain full load capacity in tension and shear.



#### HIT-RE 500 injection adhesive with HAS rod

#### Setting details



| Anch                       | or size              |  |       | M8          | M10                | M12          |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--|-------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Anch                       | or rod <sup>1)</sup> | <sup>1)</sup> HAS-E/-EF/-ER            |       | (M8x110/14) | (M10x130/21)       | (M12x160/28) |
| Anch                       |                      |  |       | M8x80/14    | M8x80/14 M10x90/21 |              |
| d₀ [mm] Drill bit diameter |                      |  |       | 10          | 12                 | 14           |
| h                          | [mm] Hole de         | epth                                   |       | 80          | 90                 | 110          |
| h <sub>min</sub>           | [mm] Min. ba         | se material thickness                  |       | 100         | 120                | 140          |
| t <sub>fix</sub>           | [mm] Max. fi         | xture (fastenable) thick               | iness | 14          | 21                 | 28           |
| d <sub>f</sub>             | [mm] Cleara          | nce                                    | rec.  | 9           | 12                 | 14           |
|                            | hole                 |  | max.  | 11          | 13                 | 15           |
| Injected volume            |                      | ml                                     | 5     | 8           | 12                 |              |
|                            |                      | The hole must be at least 2/3rds full. |       |             |                    |              |
| Drill bit                  |                      |  |       | TE-CX-10/22 | TE-CX-12/22        | TE-CX-14/22  |

<sup>1)</sup> The values in the first line describe the old specification for the anchor rod.

<sup>2)</sup> Note: To ensure that optimal holding power is obtained, the first three trigger pulls of adhesive after opening a foil pack of Hilti

HIT-RE 500 must be thrown away. <sup>3)</sup> One trigger pull is approx. 8 ml mortar when using the MD 2000.

| Base Material temperature, | Working time in which rod<br>can be inserted and<br>adjusted, | Curing time before anchor<br>can be fully loaded, |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| °C                         | t <sub>gel</sub>  | t <sub>oure</sub>                                 |  |  |
| 40 <sup>0</sup> C          | 12 min  | 4 hours   |  |  |
| 30 <sup>0</sup> C          | 20 min  | 8 hours   |  |  |
| 20 <sup>0</sup> C          | 30 min  | 12 hours  |  |  |
| 10 <sup>0</sup> C          | 2 hours   | 24 hours  |  |  |
| 0ºC                        | 3 hours   | 50 hours  |  |  |
| -5ºC                       | 4 hours   | 72 hours  |  |  |

The foil pack temperature must be at least +5°C.

#### Installation equipment

Rotary hammer (TE1, TE 2, TE5, TE6A, TE15, TE15-C,), a drill bit, the dispensing gun (MD 2000, BD 2000 P3000 F, P5000 HY), blow-out pump, a brush & a wrench.

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#### HIT-RE 500 injection adhesive with HAS rod

#### Setting operations



#### Anchor geometry and mechanical properties



| Anchor siz              | ze   |                          | M8           | M10          | M12          |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| A₅ [mm²]                | Stressed cross-section                     |                          | 32.8         | 52.3         | 76.2         |
| f <sub>uk</sub> [N/mm²] | Nominal tensile<br>strength                | HAS-E, HAS-EF<br>HAS-ER  | 500<br>700   | 500<br>700   | 500<br>700   |
| f <sub>yk</sub> [N/mm²] | Nominal yield strength                     | HAS-E, HAS-EF<br>HAS-ER  | 400<br>450   | 400<br>450   | 400<br>450   |
| W [mm <sup>s</sup> ]    | Section modulus                            |                          | 26.5         | 53.3         | 93.9         |
| M <sub>Rd,s</sub> [Nm]  | Design bending<br>resistance <sup>1)</sup> | HAS-E , HAS-EF<br>HAS-ER | 12.7<br>14.3 | 25.6<br>28.7 | 45.1<br>50.6 |
| S <sub>w</sub> [mm]     | Width across flats                         |                          | 13           | 17           | 19           |
| d <sub>w</sub> [mm]     | Washer diameter                            |                          | 16           | 20           | 24           |

<sup>1)</sup> The design bending resistance of the anchor rod was calculated from  $M_{Rd,s} = (1.2*W* f_{uk})/\gamma_{Ms,b}$ , where the partial safety factor for steel of grade 5.8 is  $\gamma_{Ms,b} = 1.25$ , for A4-70 and HCR  $\gamma_{Ms,b} = 1.56$ . Verification of the safety level is then  $M_{Sk}*\gamma_F \le M_{Rd,s}$ .



## ••••

#### **HPS-1** impact anchor

| Features:        |   |
|------------------|---|
|                  | <ul> <li>base material: concrete and solid or hollow brick,<br/>aerated lightweight concrete</li> </ul> |
|                  | - ready-to-use anchor for through-fastening   |
|                  | - impact expansion by hammer or screwdriver   |
|                  | - removable and adjustable with a screwdriver   |
| <u>Material:</u> |   |
|                  | - PA 6.6 polyamide, contains no heavy metals  |
|                  | - contains no cadmium, lead, halogens, or silicones   |
|                  | - temperature when setting: from 10 °C to +40 °C  |
| Drive screw:     | - steel zinc plated to 5 microns  |
|                  | - stainless steel, A2 grade   |



#### Basic loading data: HPS-1

#### \* Working Loads; N<sub>rec</sub> [kN]:

| Ai Base material   | nchor size       | HPS-1<br>5/5 - 5/15 | HPS-1<br>6/5 - 6/40 | HPS-1<br>8/10 - 8/80 |
|--|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Aerated Lightweight Concrete<br>Characteristic Compressive Strength, $f_c = 4.5$ MPa | N <sub>rec</sub> | 0.03kN              | 0.04KN              | 0.06kN               |

\* The working load is calculated from the characteristic ultimate load divided by a factor of safety = 5.

\* The working load is calculated with no edge distance or spacing influence.

\* N<sub>rec</sub> = recommended working load in tension. \* Holes produced by rotary drilling only.

\* At temperatures above 40 °C, the recommended figure should be reduced if there is a sustained tensile load. \* Dry density of aerated lightweight concrete > 550kg/m<sup>3</sup>

\* NB: 1kN is approximately 100kg

#### Setting details



| Setti            | ng deta | Anchor size HPS-1              | 5/5  | 5/15   | 6/5 | 6/10 | 6/15       | 6/25 | 6/40 |
|------------------|---------|--------------------------------|------|--------|-----|------|------------|------|------|
| do               | [mm]    | Drill bit diameter             | 5    | 5      | 6   | 6    | 6          | 6    | 6    |
| ho               | [mm]    | Hole depth                     | 30   | 30     | 40  | 40   | 40         | 40   | 40   |
| h <sub>nom</sub> | [mm]    | Anchorage depth                | 20   | 20     | 25  | 25   | 25         | 25   | 25   |
| t <sub>fix</sub> | [mm]    | Fixture (fastenable) thickness | 5    | 15     | 5   | 10   | 15         | 25   | 40   |
| I                | [mm]    | Anchor length                  | 27   | 37     | 32  | 37   | 42         | 52   | 67   |
| dn               | [mm]    | Head diameter                  | 9.5  | 9.5    | 11  | 11   | 11         | 11   | 11   |
| Drill bit        |         |                                | TE-C | K-5/12 |     |      | TE-CX-6/12 |      |      |

Hilti = registered trademark of the Hilti Corporation, Schaan Data produced by Hilti (Aust.) Pty Ltd



# HPS-1 impact anchor



| Setti            | ng deta | Anchor size HPS-1              | 8/10 | 8/20 | 8/30  | 8/40   | 8/60 | 8/80  |
|------------------|---------|--------------------------------|------|------|-------|--------|------|-------|
| do               | [mm]    | Drill bit diameter             | 8    | 8    | 8     | 8      | 8    | 8     |
| h₀               | [mm]    | Hole depth                     | 50   | 50   | 50    | 50     | 50   | 50    |
| h <sub>nom</sub> | [mm]    | Anchorage depth                | 30   | 30   | 30    | 30     | 30   | 30    |
| t <sub>nx</sub>  | [mm]    | Fixture (fastenable) thickness | 10   | 20   | 30    | 40     | 60   | 80    |
| I                | [mm]    | Anchor length                  | 42.5 | 52.5 | 62.5  | 72.5   | 92.5 | 112.5 |
| dn               | [mm]    | Head diameter                  | 13   | 13   | 13    | 13     | 13   | 13    |
| Drill t          | pit     |                                |      |      | TE-C) | (-8/17 |      |       |

#### Setting operations









Drill hole with drill bit

Blow out dust

Install anchor.

Hammer in anchor.

8.15

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#### **HRD-U frame anchor**

| Features:              |  |
|------------------------|--|
|                        | - base material: concrete, solid brick, hollow brick,                              |
|                        | aerated lightweight concrete   |
|                        | - ready-to-use anchor (anchor body and matching screw)                             |
|                        | - suitable for through-fastening   |
|                        | - tap-in stops eliminate premature expansion                                       |
|                        | - low tightening torque  |
| Material:              |  |
|                        | - PA 6 / 6.6 Polyamide, contains no heavy metals                                   |
|                        | - contains no cadmium or lead  |
|                        | - contains no halogens or silicones  |
|                        | - temperature when setting: from -10 °C to +40 °C                                  |
| Screw:                 |  |
| Zinc plated:           | <ul> <li>with hexagon, hex + integrated washer and<br/>countersunk head</li> </ul> |
|                        | - 5 microns, yellow chromated, 6.8, ISO 898 T1                                     |
| Hot-dip<br>galvanised: | <ul> <li>with hexagon and hex + integrated washer, 45 microns,<br/>grey</li> </ul> |
| Stainless steel:       | - with hexagon, countersunk head, A4   |



#### Basic loading data: HRD-U 10

\* Working Loads; N<sub>rec</sub> & V<sub>rec</sub> [kN]:

| Base material   | HRD-U 10     |              | Anchor Spacing | Edge Distance | Min. Base Material |  |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
|   | Nrec<br>(kN) | Vrec<br>(kN) | Min. (mm)      | Min. (mm)     | Thickness (mm)     |  |
| Aerated lightweight concrete panel (1)<br>Characteristic compressive strength, $f_c = 4.5MPa$ | 0.7          | 0.3          | 150            | 150           | 115                |  |
| Aerated lightweight concrete block (2) Characteristic compressive strength, $f_c = 2.25$ MPa  | 0.6          | 0.3          | 150            | 150           | 115                |  |

\* The working load is calculated from the characteristic ultimate load divided by a factor of safety = 4.

\*  $N_{rec}$  = recommended working load in tension,  $V_{rec}$  = recommended working load in shear.

\* Holes produced by rotary drilling only.

\* At temperatures above 40 °C, the recommended figure should be reduced if there is a sustained tensile load.

\* NB: 1kN is approximately 100kg.

(1) Tests were carried out on 150mm thick CSR Hebel wall panels and are valid for all similar materials (nominal dry density 550kg/m3).

(2) Tests were carried out on 175mm thick CSR Hebel blocks and are valid for all similar materials (nominal dry density 470kg/m3).

#### Permissible bending moments for screw; Md [Nm]:

| Anchor                | HRD-U 10                |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Tensile load          | N <sub>Rec</sub> = 0 kN |
| Zinc plated screw     | 10.1Nm                  |
| Stainless-steel screw | 9.5Nm                   |





#### Setting details

#### HRD-U 10



|                  | Anchor size                              |             |                         | HRD-U 10 |          |                       |  |  |
|------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Setting          | details                                  | x80/10      | x100/30                 | x120/50  | x140/70⁺ | x180/110 <sup>+</sup> |  |  |
| d₀               | [mm] Drill bit and anchor diameter       |             |                         | 10       |          |                       |  |  |
| h <sub>1</sub>   | [mm] Min. hole depth                     |             | 80                      |          |          |                       |  |  |
| h <sub>nom</sub> | [mm] Min. anchorage depth                |             |                         | 70       |          |                       |  |  |
| t <sub>fix</sub> | [mm] Max. fixture (fastenable) thickness | 10          | 30                      | 50       | 70       | 110                   |  |  |
| L                | [mm] Anchor length                       | 80          | 100                     | 120      | 140      | 180                   |  |  |
| Drill bit        | size                                     | TE-CX-10/17 | TE-CX-10/17 TE-CX-10/22 |          |          |                       |  |  |

+ subject to lead time for certain material types

\* Anchor holes in aerated lightweight concrete may only be drilled with a rotary action (without hammering).
 \* Holes in the part to be fastened should be max. 0.5 mm larger than the anchor diameter.

#### Setting operations



Drill hole with drill bit.

Blow out dust and fragments.



Install anchor.



Drive screw into anchor.

Section 8



#### 8.7 POWERS Product Specifications

#### Load performance of Powers Adhesives in CSR HEBEL materials

POWER-FAST PLUS® Epoxy injection gel KF

KF2 Polyester injection gel





| Adhesive type | Bardia<br>mm | Drill dia<br>mm | Depth<br>mm | Edge di<br>m | stance<br>m | Spacing<br>mm |       | Recommended Working Load<br>Safety factor 4:1<br>kN |       |         |       |         |       |         |       |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------|---|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
|               |              |                 |             |              |             |               |       | Floor   | Panel | Wall F  | Panel | Therm   | oblok | Sono    | blok  |
|               |              |                 |             | Tension      | Shear       | Tension       | Shear | Tension   | Shear | Tension | Shear | Tension | Shear | Tension | Shear |
| POWERFAST     | 10           | 12              | 90          |              | 400         | 75            | 100   | 2.29  | 1.26  | 2.11    | 1.16  | 1.73    | 0.87  | 2.54    | 1.40  |
| PLUS®         | 12           | 14              | 110         | 75           |             |               |       | 2.88  | 1.58  | 2.74    | 1.50  | 1.95    | 0.98  | 3.23    | 1.77  |
| VE 2          | 10           | 12              | 90          | 15           | 75 100      |               |       | 0.69  | 0.41  | 0.78    | 0.47  | 1.33    | 0.73  | 1.37    | 0.82  |
| KP 2          | 12           | 14              | 110         |              |             |               |       | 1.43  | 0.86  | 1.13    | 0.68  | 1.46    | 0.80  | 1.54    | 0.92  |

| Adhesive type     | Bar dia<br>mm | Drill dia<br>mm | Depth<br>mm | Edge distance<br>mm |       | Spacing<br>mm |       | Recommended Working Loa<br>Safety factor 4:1<br>kN |       |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------|-------|---------------|-------|--|-------|
|                   |               |                 |             |                     |       |               |       | Power Panel  |       |
|                   |               |                 |             | Tension             | Shear | Tension       | Shear | Tension  | Shear |
| POWERFAST         | 10            | 12              |             |                     | 100   | 75            | 100   | 0.61   | 0.34  |
| PLUS <sup>®</sup> | 12            | 14              | 50          |                     |       |               |       | 0.68   | 0.37  |
| VE 9              | 10            | 12              | 30          | 15                  | 100   |               |       | 0.26   | 0.14  |
| NF 2              | 12            | 14              |             |                     |       |               |       | 0.41   | 0.22  |

#### Installation of POWER-FAST PLUS® Epoxy and KF2 polyester injection gels



Drill a hole to the size and

embedment required.



Blow the hole clean with compressed air, brush the hole, and blow it clean again.



Fill the hole approximately half way with adhesive mortar starting from the rear of the hole. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets within the hole.



Push the threaded rod or rebar into the hole while turning slightly to insure full distribution of the adhesive. The rod or rebar should be free from dirt, greese, oil, or foreign material.



Allow the adhesive mortar to cure for the specified time prior to applying any load.

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## Load performance of Powers anchors in CSR HEBEL material

#### ZiP-It® Metal Hollow body self drilling metal anchor (For Thermoblok only)



| Anchor length | Screw size<br>No. | Recommended<br>working load<br>Tension/Shear - kN (kg) |
|---------------|-------------------|--|
| 30            | #6 - 8            | 0.28 (28)<br>Incorporated safety factor = 5            |

Installation of ZiP-It®







#### Rubber Nut multi purpose anchor



| Description | Anchor<br>length | Thread | Screw<br>length | Hole<br>Dia.<br>mm | Recommended<br>working load<br>Tension/Shear - kN (kg) |
|-------------|------------------|--------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| M5 x 38     | 38               | M5     | 50              | 10                 | 0.41 (41)<br>Incorporated safety factor = 5            |

Tested in Thermoblok

#### Installation of Rubber Nut











## Load performance of *mungo*<sup>®</sup> by Powers anchors in CSR HEBEL material

| MUNGO | Nylon | Plug |
|-------|-------|------|
| (MN)  |       |      |



Method of installation

Through and pre-assembly fixing

#### Applications

Skirtings, coat hangers, small light fittings, towel rails, mirrors, pictures, pipe brackets, shelves, light cupboards.

| Description | Plug and<br>drill Ø | Length | Screw t | <b>ype</b><br>rd - Metric | Recommended<br>working load<br>Tension/Shear |
|-------------|---------------------|--------|---------|---------------------------|--|
|             | mm                  | mm     | gauge   | mm                        | KIN (KG)                                     |
| MN4         | 4                   | 20     | 2 - 5   | -                         | 0.02 (2)                                     |
| MN5         | 5                   | 25     | 3 - 8   | M3                        | 0.04 (4)                                     |
| MN6         | 6                   | 30     | 6 - 10  | M4                        | 0.06 (6)                                     |
| MN7         | 7                   | 35     | 9 - 10  | M4                        | 0.07 (7)                                     |
| MN8         | 8                   | 40     | 9 - 14  | M5                        | 0.09 (9)                                     |
| MN10        | 10                  | 50     | 14 - 20 | M6                        | 0.2 (20)                                     |
| MN12        | 12                  | 60     | 20 - 24 | M8                        | 0.4 (40)                                     |
| MN14        | 14                  | 70     | -       | M10                       | 0.5 (50)                                     |
| MN16        | 16                  | 80     | -       | M12                       | 0.6 (60)                                     |
| MN20        | 20                  | 90     | -       | M14                       | 1.0 (100)                                    |

Tested in Thermoblok. Reached with max. diameter wood screw. Safety factor = 5



Fixing with MN and metric screw -through fixing



Fixing with MN and wood/chipboard screw - pre-assembly fixing

#### MUNGO Nylon Plug Long (MNL)



| Description | Plug and drill Ø | Length | Screw size | Recommended<br>working load<br>Tension/Shear |
|-------------|------------------|--------|------------|--|
|             | mm               | mm     | gauge      | kN (kg)                                      |
| MNL6        | 6                | 50     | 6 - 10     | 0.06 (6)                                     |
| MNL8        | 8                | 60     | 9 - 14     | 0.09 (9)                                     |

Tested in Thermoblok. Reached with max. diameter wood screw. Safety factor = 5



Method of installation Through and pre-assembly fixing

#### Applications

Timber door frames, timber window frames

Suitable for frame fixing

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8.8 Ramset Product Specifications

#### **Ramset Chemical Injection System**

CSR Hebel recommends that the preparation and installation of the

chemical injection systems are performed in accordance with the manufacturer's specification.

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Important: Ensure the drilled hole is completely free of AAC dust prior to installing the bonding agent.

| Anchor<br>PartNo. | Ancho  | or Size  | Twis     | t Drill  | Recor   | nmended<br>(Safety f | Working Loads<br>actor 3:1) |       | Edge<br>Distance(mm) |       | Spacing(mm) |     |
|-------------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|-------------|-----|
|                   | Dia.(m | Length(m | Dia.(mm) | Length(m | Tensile Load (kN) Shear Load (kN)                                   |                      |                             |       |                      |       |             |     |
|                   | m)     | m)       |          | m)       | AAC AAC Compressive<br>Compressive Strength (MPa)<br>Strength (MPa) |                      | Tension                     | Shear | Tension              | Shear |             |     |
|                   |        |          |          |          | 2.5   | 4.5                  | 2.5                         | 4.5   |                      |       |             |     |
| M10130            | 10     | 130      | 12       | 90       | 2.0   | 2.4                  | 1.2                         | 1.5   | 60                   | 100   | 60          | 100 |
| M12160            | 12     | 160      | 13       | 110      | 2.3   | 2.9                  | 1.3                         | 1.6   | 72                   | 100   | 72          | 100 |





1. Drill correct diameter hole to recommend depth. Clean hole thoroughly with a nylon brush. Remove debris by way of vacuum pump, compressed air hand pump etc.

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#### Installation Procedure

 Insert mixer nozzle and inject mixture into hole. insert the stud into the bottom of the hole using a slow twisting motion.



 Allowresin to cure as per recommendations. Attach fixture

#### **Ramset Easydrive Masonry Anchor**

#### Capacity of Ramset Easydrive Masonry Anchor – Pre-assembled fixing with screw included

| Anchor<br>PartNo. | Anche  | or Size  | Twis     | t Drill  | Reco                                 | mmended<br>(Safety f | Working Loads actor 4:1)          |     | Edge<br>Distance(mm) |       | Spacing(mm) |       |
|-------------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------------|-------|-------------|-------|
|                   | Dia.(m | Length(m | Dia.(mm) | Length(m | Tensile Load (N)                     |                      | Shear Load (N)                    |     |                      |       |             |       |
|                   | m)     | m)       |          | m)       | AAC<br>Compressive<br>Strength (MPa) |                      | AAC Compressive<br>Strength (MPa) |     | Tension              | Shear | Tension     | Shear |
|                   |        |          |          |          | 2.5                                  | 4.5                  | 2.5                               | 4.5 |                      |       |             |       |
| ED533             | 5      | 33       | 5        | 27       | 50                                   | 60                   | 105                               | 160 | 35                   | 70    | 50          | 50    |
| ED550             | 5      | 50       | 5        | 27       | 50                                   | 60                   | 105                               | 160 | 35                   | 70    | 50          | 50    |
| ED642             | 6      | 42       | 6        | 30       | 60                                   | 70                   | 140                               | 200 | 35                   | 70    | 50          | 50    |
| ED655             | 6      | 55       | 6        | 30       | 60                                   | 70                   | 140                               | 200 | 35                   | 70    | 50          | 50    |
| ED675             | 6      | 75       | 6        | 30       | 60                                   | 70                   | 90                                | 130 | 35                   | 70    | 50          | 50    |
| ED880             | 8      | 80       | 8        | 40       | 125                                  | 115                  | 230                               | 330 | 40                   | 80    | 60          | 60    |
| ED8120            | 8      | 120      | 8        | 40       | 125                                  | 150                  | 140                               | 170 | 40                   | 80    | 60          | 60    |



1. Drill hole same diameter as Easydrive anchor



2. Insert the Easydrive

Installation Procedure

anchor through the material being fastened up to the anchor collar



3. Screw or hammer the nail in for positive expansion. Easydrive anchor can be removed if required.



#### **Ramset Ramplug Masonry Anchor**

The Ramset Ramplug is a nylon plug for securing screws in lightweight building materials. Major benefits of the Ramplug are quick installation and its special design making it suitable for all types of screws.



|         | Anchor Size  |                | Twist Drill  |                |  | Recommended Working Loads<br>(Safety factor 4:1) |       |                         |                          | Edge    |       | Spacin  | a(mm) |
|---------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|-------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| Anchor  |              |                |              |                | Screw<br>Dia.(m<br>m)Tensile Load<br>(N)Shear Load (N)Distance<br> | Distanc  | e(mm) | opuoling(inin)          |                          |         |       |         |       |
| Partino | Dia.(m<br>m) | Length(<br>mm) | Dia.(mm<br>) | Length(<br>mm) |  | AAC<br>Compressive<br>Strength (MPa)             |       | A/<br>Compr<br>Strengtl | AC<br>ressive<br>h (MPa) | Tension | Shear | Tension | Shear |
|         |              |                |              |                |  | 2.5  | 4.5   | 2.5                     | 4.5                      |         |       |         |       |
| DNP5    | 5            | 25             | 5            | 35             | 3.0 –<br>4.0   | 55   | 85    | 55                      | 90                       | 35      | 70    | 50      | 50    |
| DNP6    | 6            | 30             | 6            | 40             | 4.0 –<br>5.0   | 85   | 135   | 85                      | 125                      | 35      | 70    | 50      | 50    |
| DNP7    | 7            | 35             | 7            | 50             | 4.5 –<br>5.5   | 120  | 170   | 100                     | 140                      | 40      | 80    | 60      | 60    |
| DNP8    | 8            | 40             | 8            | 55             | 5.0 –<br>6.0   | 160  | 215   | 140                     | 200                      | 40      | 80    | 60      | 60    |
| DNP10   | 10           | 50             | 10           | 65             | 6.0 –<br>8.0   | 255  | 370   | 165                     | 245                      | 75      | 100   | 75      | 75    |
| DNP12   | 12           | 60             | 12           | 75             | 8.0 –<br>10.0  | 350  | 520   | 205                     | 305                      | 75      | 100   | 75      | 75    |

#### **Capacity of Ramset Ramplug Masonry Anchor**

#### Ramset Long Ramplug Masonry Anchor

The Ramset Long Ramplug is a nylon plug with an extra long expansion segment, for use in lightweight building materials, such as autoclaved aerated concrete.



#### Capacity of Ramset Long Ramplug Masonry Anchor

|            | Ancho        | Anchor Size    |              | Twist Drill      |               | Recommended Working Loads<br>(Safety factor 4:1) |                          |                                      |         | Ed      | ge     | Spacing(mm) |       |
|------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|-------|
| Anchor     |              | Length(<br>mm) |              |                  | Screw         | Tensile Load<br>(N) Shear Load (N)               |                          |                                      | Distanc | ce(mm)  | Spacin | g(mm)       |       |
|            | Dia.(m<br>m) |                | Dia.(mm<br>) | n Length(<br>mm) | m)            | A/<br>Compr<br>Strengt                           | AC<br>ressive<br>h (MPa) | AAC<br>Compressive<br>Strength (MPa) |         | Tension | Shear  | Tension     | Shear |
|            |              |                |              |                  |               | 2.5  | 4.5                      | 2.5                                  | 4.5     |         |        |             |       |
| 41062<br>7 | 6            | 55             | 6            | 65               | 4.0 –<br>5.0  | 165  | 200                      | 150                                  | 185     | 35      | 70     | 50          | 50    |
| 41065<br>8 | 8            | 65             | 8            | 80               | 5.0 –<br>6.0  | 220  | 270                      | 210                                  | 250     | 40      | 80     | 60          | 60    |
| 41068<br>9 | 10           | 80             | 10           | 95               | 6.0 –<br>8.0  | 275  | 335                      | 270                                  | 330     | 75      | 100    | 75          | 75    |
| 41071<br>9 | 12           | 95             | 12           | 110              | 8.0 –<br>10.0 | 285  | 470                      | 280                                  | 395     | 75      | 100    | 75          | 75    |



#### Ramset Ultra Long Ramplug Masonry Anchor

The Ramset Ultra Long Ramplug is a long shaft nylon plug for fixing wood or metal facades sub-frames. Supplied complete with the compact screw. Available in two head styles Posi and Hex Head.



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| -             |                |             |              |                |              |                  |   |  |                               |   |                              |             |       |         |       |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|-------|
| Part<br>No.He | Part<br>No.Poz | Descript    | Anch         | or Size        | Twi          | st Drill         | Min.<br>Embe                            | . Recommended Working<br>e Loads (Safety factor 4:1) |                               | commended Working Edge<br>ds (Safety factor 4:1) Distance(mm) |                              | ge<br>e(mm) | n)    |         |       |
| xHead         | iHead*         |             | Dia.(<br>mm) | Length(<br>mm) | Dia.(<br>mm) | Min.De<br>pth(mm | d<br>Depth(                             | Ter<br>Loa   | nsile<br>d (N)                | Shear<br>(1   | ∙Load<br>N)                  |             |       |         |       |
|               |                |             |              |                |              | )                | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | A/<br>Comp<br>e Str<br>(M                            | AC<br>pressiv<br>ength<br>Pa) | AA<br>Compi<br>Stre<br>(M                                     | AC<br>ressive<br>ngth<br>Pa) | Tension     | Shear | Tension | Shear |
|               |                |             |              |                |              |                  |   | 2.5  | 4.5                           | 2.5   | 4.5                          |             |       |         |       |
| 41036<br>8    | 41026<br>9     | 10 x<br>100 | 10           | 100            | 10           | 100              | 90                                      | 305  | 375                           | 300   | 370                          | 75          | 100   | 75      | 100   |
| 41038<br>2    | 41028<br>3     | 10 x<br>135 | 45           | 135            | 10           | 100              | 90                                      | 305  | 375                           | 300   | 370                          | 75          | 100   | 75      | 100   |
| 41040<br>5    | 41030<br>5     | 10 x<br>160 | 70           | 160            | 10           | 100              | 90                                      | 305  | 375                           | 300   | 370                          | 75          | 100   | 75      | 100   |
| 41058<br>0    | 41032<br>0     | 10 x<br>200 | 110          | 200            | 10           | 100              | 90                                      | 305  | 375                           | 300   | 370                          | 75          | 100   | 75      | 100   |
| 41060<br>3    | 41034<br>4     | 10 x<br>280 | 190          | 280            | 10           | 100              | 90                                      | 305  | 375                           | 300   | 370                          | 75          | 100   | 75      | 100   |

#### Capacity of Ramset Ultra Long Ramplug Masonry Anchor

Note: \* Accessories: Setting Tool for Pozi Drive Head Screws: Part No. 590329 (No. 4 Pozi Drive)



#### 8.9 TOX Product Specifications

#### TFS – L : All Purpose Long Plug

The TFS-L All purpose Long Plug is designed to knot up inside CSR Hebel blocks as the screw is tightened, providing a deep seated grip. The appropriate hole size must be drilled first and then use of a screw long enough to protrude through the end of the plug.



#### Capacity of TOX-TFS-L All Purpose Long Plug

| Anchor Type  | Hole Diameter(mm) | Screw Diameter(mm) | Minimum<br>Anchorage(mm) | Working Loads(kN) |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| TFS-L 6/65   | 6                 | 4.5                | 50                       | 0.2               |
| TFS-L 8/80   | 8                 | 6.0                | 70                       | 0.3               |
| TFS-L 10/100 | 10                | 7.0                | 70                       | 0.4               |

Notes: A safety factor of 5 in 500 – 800 kg/m<sup>3</sup> blocks has been used.

#### **TOX – VLF Frame Fixings**

The pre-assembled VLF Frame Fixing is used for piercing as a stable item and can be hammered like a nail without predrilling into the CSR Hebel AAC. The anchor is set by tightening the screw a maximum of 6 turns, when the expansion section of the plug is drawn axially outwards and knots up deep within the concrete to provide optimum holding strength.



Deep seated retention (knot effect) in cellular concrete (aerated concrete).

| Anchor Type        | Hole Diameter(mm) | Anchorage<br>Lengths(mm) | Minimum<br>Anchorage(mm) | Working Loads(kN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| VLF 6 (csk)        | 6                 | 70                       | 70                       | 0.3               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VLF 8 (csk)        | 8                 | 80, 100, 115, 135        | 70                       | 0.4               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VLF 10 (csk & hex) | 10                | 100, 115, 135, 160       | 70                       | 0.5               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Capacity of TOX-VLF Frame Fixings** 

Notes: A safety factor of 5 in 500 – 800 kg/m<sup>3</sup> blocks has been used.



#### TOX – MKD Metal Claw Plug

The MKD claw anchor is a four part steel expansion plug with up to 22 double sided claws per segment for maximum grip. They are suitable for coach, wood, and chipboard screws and can also be used with headless metric screws for installation of pipe fittings.

The MKD anchors can be hammer driven direct into CSR Hebel blocks without predrilling, but a 5mm pilot hole is recommended for accurate placement or near the edges of blocks.



|             |                   |                    | diam i rag               |                   |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Anchor Type | Hole Diameter(mm) | Screw Diameter(mm) | Minimum<br>Anchorage(mm) | Working Loads(kN) |
| MKD 6/32    | 6                 | 5 – 6              | 32                       | 0.25              |
| MKD 8/38    | 8                 | 7 – 8              | 38                       | 0.35              |
| MKD 8/60    | 8                 | 7 – 8              | 60                       | 0.40              |
| MKD 10/60   | 10                | 8 – 10             | 60                       | 0.55              |

#### Capacity of TOX-MKD Metal Claw Plug

Notes: A safety factor of 3 in 500 - 800 kg/m3 blocks has been used.

#### TOX – KD – DV Heavy Load Toggle

The KD-DV Heavy Load Gravity Toggle is available in M8 and M10 thread sizes and comes standard in 100mm and 200mm lengths and can also be supplied longer to order. The toggle is used for fixing through CSR Hebel blocks and panels in situations where only a blind fixing can be used and heavy loads are required.



# Anchor TypeHole Diameter(mm)Anchor Length(mm)Working Loads(kN)KD M1022100/200 +1.2KD M822100/200 +1.2

Capacity of TOX-KD-DV Heavy Load Toggle

Notes: A safety factor of 3 in 75mm thick Hebel Powerpanel<sup>™</sup> has been used.



## 8.10 Fischer Product Specifications

#### Fischer Nylon Twist Lock Anchor Type - GB

The Fischer Nylon Twist Lock Anchor Type – GB is suitable for use in aerated concrete. The anchor is hammered into a clean hole, formed by drilling or a metal punch. The helical stabilisers rotate into the aerated concrete and effectively distribute the load over their greater surface area. When the screw fastener is installed, the base of the fastener expands. The wide surface area provides excellent support for the screw and assures a high resistance to shear load.



| Anchor<br>Type | Hole<br>Diameter(m<br>m) | Plug<br>Length(mm) | Screw<br>Diameter(m<br>m) | Minimum<br>Hole<br>Depth(mm) | Screw<br>Embedment<br>(mm) | Minimum<br>Wall<br>Thickness( | Recommen<br>Load | ended Tensile<br>ad (kN) |  |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
|                |                          |                    |                           |                              |                            | mm)                           | Blocks           | Panels                   |  |
| GB8            | 8                        | 50                 | 5                         | 60                           | 55                         | 100                           | 0.2              | 0.4                      |  |
| GB10           | 10                       | 55                 | 7                         | 65                           | 62                         | 100                           | 0.3              | 0.8                      |  |
| GB14           | 14                       | 75                 | 10                        | 90                           | 85                         | 200                           | 0.5              | 1.2                      |  |

#### Capacity of Fischer Nylon Lock Anchor Type - GB

Notes: Contact supplier for shear capacities of GB connections or other Fischer Fasteners. Refer to Page 8.3 of this publication.

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#### 8.11 CSR Hebel Wall Ties

Similar to conventional brickwork and blockwork construction, CSR Hebel blockwork construction required ties to be installed at control joints, intersections of dissimilar materials and supporting structure, to ensure the block walls are strengthened and supported, as required by the design.

The various types and strengths of wall ties available are summarised in the tables below.



#### Pullout Strength of CSR Hebel Blockwork Ties (Internal Testing : 13th of September, 2001)

| Тіе Туре       | Working Pullout Load (N per mm embedment)(Factor of Safety = 3) |
|----------------|---|
| Hebel Wall Tie | 7.18 N/mm   |

#### Out-of-Plane Shear Strength of CSR Hebel Blockwork Ties (CSIRO Research Report DTM320)

| Тіе Туре                   | Characterist            | ic Strength (kN) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
|                            | 1.5mm Relative Movement | Ultimate         |
| Hebel Wall Tie             | 0.74                    | 0.81             |
| Control Joint Tie          | 0.44                    | 1.01             |
| Sliding Joint Tie          | 0.38                    | 0.65             |
| Wall Restraint Tie         | 0.76                    | 0.76             |
| SS Flat Plate 6 'V' slots* | -                       | 0.69**           |
| SS Flat Plate 6 'V' slots* | -                       | 0.62             |
|                            |                         |                  |

\* CSIRO Test Report DTM253 - 2 off 'V' nails were installed in the end slots of the 3 available slots load was applied to the middle slot of the other end

\*\* one test only - 2 off 'V' nails installed in the end 2 slots of the 3 available slots



#### Strength of CSR Hebel Frame Ties

As well as full CSR Hebel blockwork construction, CSR Hebel blockwork can be used in conjunction with conventional brickwork (external or internal masonry wall) or timber frame construction (external masonry wall). The CSR Hebel blockwork is secured to the brickwork/blockwork wall or internal timber/steel frame with frame ties. Strength testing of various ties has been conducted at the CSIRO, and the results of this testing are summarised in the tables below. The various ties tested are shown below.

A copy of the CSIRO Report DTM 193 can be obtained by contacting CSR Hebel.

|                 |             | Characteristic Strength |                   |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Тіе Туре        | Out-of-Plan | e Load (kN)             | Stiffness (kN/mm) |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Tension     | Compression             | Tension           | Compression |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hebel Tie       | 0.33        | 0.57                    | n/a               | n/a         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abey Tremor Tie | 1.16        | 1.37                    | 0.80              | 1.06        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abey Tremor Tie | 1.48        | 0.48                    | n/a               | n/a         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scott Tie       | 0.42        | 0.63                    | n/a               | n/a         |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Frame Tie Capacities (CSIRO Research Report DTM193)

Note: "n/a" indicates not applicable



#### Types of Frame Ties Assessed by the CSIRO

ection 8



#### 8.12 Tie Down Strap

#### Tie-down Strap Capacity (CSIRO Research Report DTM253)

A tie down strap installed as shown below (with good workmanship) will exhibit a characteristic strength of 0.99kN and a working load (F.O.S. = 3) strength of 0.383kN. Test conducted at the CSIRO – CSIRO Research Report DTM253.

#### **CSIRO Test Configuration for Structural Assessment of**



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#### **Surface Finishes**

#### 9.1 Scope

This section provides practical advice and performance requirements for rendering and coating CSR Hebel autoclaved aerated concrete (AAC) products. CSR Hebel AAC products include; Thermoblok masonry units, Sonoblok masonry units, PowerPanel<sup>™</sup> special purpose masonry units, and wall panels.

#### 9.2 General

Rendering over AAC is different from rendering over conventional masonry. Simply, the AAC products have different properties than that of conventional masonry and a suitable renders has to be adopted to accommodate these unique properties. Compatibility is important, as a common mistake is the substitution of AAC products for conventional bricks and blocks with no consideration to the impact of a brick/block styled render used I conjunction with AAC products.

Although AAC products are manufactured to tight tolerances, small surface irregularities due to cutting process in manufacture of CSR Hebel AAC products provide a substrate, which is suitable for a wide range of renders. Rendered CSR Hebel AAC products are suitable for solid walls or external and internal leaves of cavity wall construction to provide thermally efficient buildings in all areas of exposure, except very severe exposure where some form of cladding should be used.

All renders should comply to the requirements outlined in with the Australian Standard AS3700: Masonry Structures and referenced literature.

All rendered surfaces shall be finished with a vapour permeable coating. The performance requirements of the coating system are outlined in this section.

## 9.3 Surface Preparation of AAC Substrate

Adhesion is provided by key and suction. The natural suction of AAC should be augmented with a mechanical key, such as an initial splatter coat treatment. The AAC surface should be kept clean and free of dust and loose particles, which may have occurred during construction by brushing down the surface with stiff broom. In addition, any contaminants should be removed which may affect the adhesion of the render.

All holes should be filled and damaged areas patched, and all joints shall be filled with Hebel Adhesive. All vertical joints shall be finished flush. The damp proof course (DPC) should protrude the specified distance from the wall beyond the external finish of the render (render should not bridge the DPC).

The wall surface should be neither saturated nor very dry. CSR Hebel products normally provide a 'medium suction background'. Given certain ambient conditions, or where the AAC product has been allowed to dry out, high rates of initial suction may be experienced. This condition can have an adverse effect on hydration and adhesion and measures should be taken to reduce the suction. This condition should be avoided by rendering and applying external finishes within 12 months of installation of the CSR Hebel product.

Alternatively, should high rates of suction persists a splattered treatment or other recommendation by the product manufacturer may be considered. This will enhance the keying action of the render to the surface.



#### 9.4 External Renders

#### Pre-mixed Renders

Render can be supplied as a pre-mixed in bags, or prepared on-site. Pre-mixed renders have the advantage of being a consistency quality produced material, unlike on-site mixed renders, which can result in product variations if the raw material quality and preparation processes are not well controlled. The manufacturer of pre-mixed renders shall provide the requirements, instructions and guarantees for the use of their render product on AAC substrates.

#### **Site Mixed Renders**

CSR Hebel recommends using Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> and Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render products, which have been specifically developed for the CSR Hebel AAC substrate.

If site batching is unavoidable, more accurate mixing will result from weighed batching. The mix proportions will, however, require adjustment from volume to weight. The constituents of the generic render mixes are described by volume. The render contractor shall provide the requirements, instructions, testing and guarantees for the use of their render product on AAC substrates for the project.

The render should normally be applied with a minimum of two coats. Successive coats should be weaker than the first. Cement rich (strong) mixes must be avoided for rendering, as the amount of water necessary to hydrate the cement gives rise to a higher rate of drying shrinkage occurring within the render than in the AAC product. This differential shrinkage can lead to a shearing action building up between the two materials, resulting in failure which shows itself as cracking and/or delamination (spalling). Such a failure mechanism can be avoided by adopting a recommended compatible render specification.

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It is important that the selected render is compatible with the AAC substrate. The render needs to have a similar compressive strength, good adhesion, and good vapour permeability and yet be water-resistant.

#### 9.5 Construction Considerations

#### Meshing

#### General

The use of alkali resistant matting (woven fibreglass, expanded stainless or galvanised steel, or plastic) is recommended around areas on walls, such as:

- Ends of lintels over doors and windows, where a fixed end is detailed;
- · Across the sill of windows;
- · Across the chases in the wall for services;
- Around external corners at the top of the wall; and
- Across joints on the underside of floor, wall and ceiling panels.

The matting should be bedded into a thin layer of render (Stage 1) prior to the final coat of render (Stage 2). This matting is available in two grades:

- 10mm grid x 330mm wide for external use; and
- 5mm grid x 330mm wide for internal use.

Note the purpose of the matting is to keep the render together and minimise consequential cracking of the render, it does not act as reinforcement. The different types of matting will minimise the cracking to various levels. The designer in conjunction with the render contractor should determine and specify the appropriate matting for the project.



Figure 9.1: Locations for Fibreglass Matting



#### **CSR Hebel Panel Products**

For walls constructed with CSR Hebel panel products (including CSR Hebel RWS), meshing is recommended in the following areas:

- The panel joint at all external corners, which do not have a control joint. Note CSR Hebel recommends a control joint be located at the corner or at the end of the first panel from the corner;
- Joints on the corners of splays, such as 45° windows; and
- All panel joints, other than control joints, when the coating system proposed is comprised of a sand/cement render and thin paint finish only. This is optional for a coating system that includes a high build acrylic texture coat or highly flexible acrylic membrane. The guarantee of a coating system without fibreglass matting is the responsibility of the coating manufacturer. CSR Hebel recommends the use of matting.

#### **Control Joints**

The control joint is a necessary part of the wall system to ensure the location of possible cracking is controlled, movement isolated and stresses relieved from the wall element. The control joint may serve as a location for the joint to open or close only, or both. The designer must consider the type and magnitude of movement when detailing the control joints.

Important: A common mistake with cement rendering and control joint installation is the application of the render over the joint. For joints that are designed to accommodate closing, this can be detrimental. The render restricts the joint from closing and reveals itself with cracking and spalling of the render. Secondary damage can result from water ingress through the crack and working its way behind the coating system. Importantly all joints should be filled with an appropriate flexible sealant that can accommodate the movements and durability for the application.

Ideally, the render should be terminated at the sealant/panel interface and not impede the differential movement between the panel, and adjacent concrete structure or another panel.

#### Painting

Only acrylic based paints should be used with AAC products.

Oil based paints do not provide a coating breathes and that hence are not recommended. Beware that painting only may not provide adequate protection against accidental damage. Darker colours should be avoided, as these coatings have high heat retention which may cause coating failure. Some coatings may exhibit larger expansion or contraction movement behaviour at these temperatures, which in turn stresses the bond between the coating and the AAC substrate.

#### **Textured Coating**

Manufacturers should be contacted for information on application and suitability of their products with CSR Hebel AAC products. Again, darker colours should be avoided.

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#### Tiles

Ceramic and terracotta tiles can be fixed to floors and walls using proprietary tile as recommended adhesives bv the adhesive manufacturer. Marble and other stone tiles should be fixed using appropriate Australian adhesives e.q. Building Adhesives, etc. Wet areas should be prepared with а suitable waterproof membrane, as specified in the BCA or as specified by the relevant authority, for the intended application.

#### 9.6 CSR Hebel Render Products

CSR Hebel render products are stringently formulated polymer fortified cement based wall renders. These products contain washed graded silica sand, cement and a number of additives to ensure ease of application and workability.

Supplied in a dry powder form these products only requires the addition of water to produce a mortar paste that provides minimal drying shrinkage and excellent adhesion to Hebel Blocks and Hebel Panels, for use with both internal and external applications.

CSR Hebel renders are designed to alleviate failings of on-site mixed renders and unsuitable bagged renders that have not been formulated specifically for CSR Hebel block and panel products.

#### **Product Selection**

Depending upon surface alignment and CSR Hebel product type, there is a choice of two renders. (refer to Table 9.1)

#### Wall Preparation

Job planning is the most important step in the coating sequence, this will save in time and money and ultimately ensure a high standard of quality control.

The finished appearance is highly dependant on the standard of wall construction workmanship, check entire wall perimeter with a straight edge, chalk mark any deviations and damaged areas. This will indicate areas requiring additional filling or repair prior to render coat being applied.

Examine that control joints and expansion joint have been installed as per the CSR specification, this can be done injunction with the builder / installer.

It is recommended that an on-site sample completed to visually communicate to the customer the level of finish that is acceptable to both parties, including permissible substrate variation, correct texture profile and colour.

• Choose scaffolding type and suitability for safety and ease/speed of application.

| Render Product Selection |                                   | Features  | Benefits  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| CSR Hebel<br>Block       | Hebel HighBuild™6-8mm<br>per coat | Ready mixedAcrylic polymer<br>modifiedHigher buildSelf priming to<br>substrateExcellent adhesion  | Just add waterCuring aidCovers greater<br>imperfectionsCan be floated to a sponge<br>finishEconomical   |
| CSR Hebel<br>Panel       | Hebel SkimCoat™2-4mm<br>per coat  | Ready mixedAcrylic polymer<br>modifiedFibre<br>reinforcedFlexibleLow<br>shrinkageLow-build-fast<br>applicationSelf priming to substrate<br>and to subsequent<br>coatingExcellent adhesion | Just add waterAdhesion & cure controlJoint<br>line cover reinforcingJoint crack<br>resistanceJoint coverEconomicalLower<br>overall unit costs of coating system |

#### **Table 9.1 Render Selection**

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- Masking windows, doors, flooring and adjacent property will make or break a job, attention to detail is crucial.
- Any exposed steel reinforcing must be cleaned off of any flash rust then primed with a suitable zinc rich primer.
- Start and stop points must be pre-planned prior to commencement, providing uninterrupted working areas for best practise, and outcome.
- Always terminate the Hebel render application above the damp proof course line. Never bridge the damp proof course, otherwise this could cause water damage of the coating system.

#### Patching

Fill all chipped and damaged Blocks and Panels with CSR Hebel Patching Mortar or equivalent and allow to dry.

#### Sanding/Levelling

An advantage of CSR Hebel wall systems is that surface misalignment in both the Block and Panel systems can levelled, utilising the levelling plane or the sanding float to achieve a truer flat surface.

#### Cleaning

Remove all mortar runs by scraping as soon as possible, the longer the mortar is left to cure the harder the material becomes, making this task unnecessarily more labour intensive. Remove all free dust, dirt, grease, oils, moss, fungi, mastic compounds and any other foreign matter that could affect the adhesion of the CSR Hebel Render. Brush the surface with a stiff bristle broom to remove all loose particles. All surfaces must be clean, sound and free of powdery residue.

#### **Corner Beading**

Beading can be used on corners and edges for aiding in impact / knock resistance. The beading used must be external grade and be securely fixed straight and true. These are traditionally fixed using either flat head external grade nails or dollops of render. Corner beads may need to be rebated into the corners of the Hebel blocks or panel prior to the application of the render.

#### **Pre-Wetting**

AAC's absorbent nature aids in adhesion however excessive absorption will generally require tempering with water to reduce surface suction particularly in warmer weather. Alternatively the surface suction can be reduced by the application of a sealer/primer application of a mixture made of one (1) part 100% acrylic bonding agent, such as Dulux AcraTex 500/4 AcraBond, to six (6) parts water applied to the clean, water damped surface.

#### **Climatic Conditions**

- CSR Hebel render products must not be applied below 5°C and at elevated temperatures above 30°C or in hot windy conditions.
- CSR Hebel render products should be protected from rain and frost for the first 24 hours.
- Application on large areas in full sun should be avoided (and/or the surface should be cooled and tempered with plenty of fresh water).
- Always work in shaded areas.
- If wet weather conditions are forecasted, application should be stopped to give to product sufficient time to set.
- Protect the finished work around down pipes, spouts or where water may continually splash or wet the surface.

#### Storage

Bags of CSR Hebel render should be stored under cover, above ground and protected from water damage.





#### Precautions

• In hot conditions, wetting or tempering (light water spray) of the freshly applied CSR Hebel render products is recommended to aid finishing.

• During hot weather the applied CSR Hebel render products should be re-wetted 2-3 times per day over the first 2 days to promote proper curing (cement hydration).

• Allow to cure for 7 days.

• Application on large areas in full sun exposure should be avoided.

• Thin thickness render systems will not hide imperfections, rough surfaces or poor preparation.

#### 9.7 CSR Hebel Block Render System

#### Purpose

Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render is fast to apply on both internal and external surfaces. It levels irregularities and produces a high quality even, true surface. It can be applied at a thickness as low as 4 mm (with the addition of Dulux AcraTex 500/4 AcraBond) or as thick as 12 mm. (in two successive coats) relative to the degree of cover required. Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render can be finished with a wood float, plastic float or sponge.

It is an ideal base for the subsequent application of acrylic texture profiles providing a variety textured finishes that is them protected by a high build exterior weather proofing membrane coating. Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render will add to the acoustic and thermal properties of the Hebel substrate.

#### Equipment

Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render can be applied via mortar spray/pump or conventional hawk and trowel method, it is ruled level with straight edges and finished with wood or soft foam finishing floats.

#### Mixing

The mixing ratio is a 20kg bag of Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> to 3.0 to 4.0 litres of clean cold water: The water and bonding agent (if required) should first be measured into a 15L clean plastic container and render powder slowly incorporated using a power stirrer for a minimum period of 2 minutes, to produce a smooth, lump free consistency.

Thin bed applications require the addition of a 100% acrylic bonding agent in the following quantities per 20kg bag of Hebel HighBuild:

| 2-4 mm thick render coats | 300ml 500/4 AcraBond |  |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--|
| 6mm thick renders coats   | 100ml 500/4 AcraBond |  |

If the job is large a greater quantity of water and 500/4 AcraBond can be mixed into a 100-200Ltr container, the mix ratio can be calculated:

| 2-4 mm thick renders coats | 2 part 500/4 AcraBond to 5 parts water |
|----------------------------|--|
| 4mm thick renders coats    | 1 part 500/4 AcraBond to 5 parts water |
| 6mm thick renders coats    | 1 part 500/4 AcraBond to 8 parts water |

Render thicknesses greater than 6mm do not require the addition of an acrylic bonding agent, providing that ambient temperature is not too high that it will cause rapid drying, in such conditions wetting or tempering of the freshly applied Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render is recommended.

**Application Techniques** 

• Badly aligned substrates may require a work screed at the top and bottom of the work area.

 Applications by hawk and trowel should occur in two passes, a tight first pass followed by a second levelling pass wet on wet. The render should then stand for a



- short period. Allow for surface moisture to stabilise then screed with a suitable straight edge to a uniform surface.
- Apply more Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render to any low areas as required.
- Once the surface is true and level use a wooden or soft foam to produce a uniform surface finish.
- If a three coat paint finish is being applied, the surface must be finished to produce a uniformed textured appearance with no bald spots. Otherwise these areas will slow through any paint system, making the wall appearance patchy.
- Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render droppings should not be re-tempered with water and should be discarded.
- Always terminate the Hebel HighBuild™ render application above the damp course line.
- Never bridge the damp course.
- Thoroughly clean all equipment with water.

#### **Reinforcing Mesh Installation**

The use of alkali-resistant glass-fibre mesh is recommended at corners of wall openings (doors and windows) to minimise corner cracking. The mesh should be embedded into the wet first Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render pass of the rendering process.

#### **Drying and Curing Times**

Hebel HighBuild<sup>™</sup> render will dry at 25° C and 50% relative humidity in around 3 - 6 hours depending on the dampness of the substrate. As a general rule however, cement renders should be kept damp for the first 12 hours to ensure proper hydration of the mixture. If drying is too rapid, hydration will be greatly reduced affecting overall render tensile strength and may become friable.

#### **Working Times**

As a guide the useable life of mixed material is approximately 1-2 hours at 25°C and 50% relative humidity.

#### Coverage Rates

| Average Thickness  | Coats | Approx. Material<br>Usage kg/m2 |  |
|--|-------|---------------------------------|--|
| *4 mm  | 1     | 7.2                             |  |
| *6 mm  | 1     | 10.8                            |  |
| 8 mm   | 1     | 14.4                            |  |
| 10 mm  | 1-2   | 18                              |  |
| 12 mm  | 1-2   | 21                              |  |
| 16 mm  | 2     | 28.8                            |  |
| Key: Conversion factor is 1 mm thickness/m <sup>2</sup> requires 1.8<br>kg of Hebel HighBuild™ render. |       |                                 |  |

\* The use of 500/4 AcraBond is recommended for application with a render thickness less than 6mm.

Special Information: \*This information should be read in conjunction with AcraTex 500/4 AcraBond information data sheet.

#### 9.8 CSR Hebel Panel Render System

#### Purpose

Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render is designed for use with CSR Hebel panel systems. It is fast to apply to both external and internal surfaces. It can be applied up to straight and true panel surfaces at up to 4mm in a single application to produce a high quality even, true surface. The render is a unique blend of polymer and aggregate. It is the ideal substrate for finishing with a high build acrylic texture coating plus an exterior weatherproofing coating or quality acrylic topcoat in interior applications.

#### Equipment

Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render can be applied via conventional hawk and trowel method, the use of a spatular maybe useful for smaller areas.



#### Mixing

The mixing ratio is one 20kg bag of Hebel SkimCoat render to 4.4 to 5.0 litres of clean cold water. The water should first be measured into a 15L clean plastic container and the render powder slowly incorporated using a power stirrer for a minimum period of 2 minutes, to produce a smooth, lump free consistency.

#### **Application Techniques**

- Check the trueness (level) of the work areas prior to commencement of the application. Badly aligned panels can be corrected by using a Hebel Levelling Plane or the Hebel Sanding Float.
- The application is similar to standard cement render. Apply with a traditional hawk and trowel to achieve a skimcoat of about 2mm. As Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render is setting, skim the entire surface with a flattened trowel to eliminate application trowel marks, making this a smooth surface for the following acrylic texture coatings.
- An additional application of Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render to low areas may be required to achieve a flatter surface, use a straight edge to determine the straightness of the wall.
- Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render droppings should not be re-tempered with water and should be discarded.
- Always terminate the Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render application above the damp course line. Never bridge the damp course.
- Thoroughly clean all equipment with water.

#### Working Time, Drying and Curing Times

As a guide the useable life of mixed material is approximately 1-2 hours at 25°C and 50% relative humidity, and surface dry in around 4 hours depending on application conditions, and dampness of the substrate.

As a general rule, however, renders should

be kept damp for the first 12 hours to ensure proper hydration of the mixture. If drying is too rapid, hydration will not take place and the render will not develop its full strength and will become friable. Note: During hot weather, the wall must be cured for two days after application by re-wetting the render 2 - 3 times per day.

Hebel SkimCoat<sup>™</sup> render should be allowed to cure for a minimum of 7 days prior to the application of subsequent coatings.

| Co | vera | ae  | Rates  |
|----|------|-----|--------|
| 00 |      | 'yc | i uice |

| Average<br>Thickness                                 | Coats | Approx. Material<br>Usage kg/m2 |  |
|--|-------|---------------------------------|--|
| 2 mm   | 1     | 3.6                             |  |
| 4 mm 1 7.2   |       |                                 |  |
| Key: Conversion factor is 1 mm thickness/m2 requires |       |                                 |  |

1.8kg of Hebel FR Render

Special Information: Thin bed renders will not hide imperfections, rough surfaces or poor preparations.

#### 9.9 Finishing the CSR Hebel AAC/Render Substrate

#### General

CSR Hebel wall systems require an appropriate external coating system and detailing to infill sealant framing of penetrations and movement joints to ensure a water resistant and vapour permeable building envelop barrier is achieved. The primary function of the coating system and sealant detailing is to prevent water penetrating into the cavity space of the wall. Important: infill framing (window framing) is not to drain into the cavity space.

#### **Finishes – Performance Requirements**

Generally for walls, the CSR Hebel AAC substrate is coated with a high build (blocks), or skim coat (panels) render to provide a true, smooth substrate surface for the following water resistant coating system. The appropriateness and application coating system should be verified and performed in





accordance with the recommendations of the coating manufacturer.

Performance Requirements for the coating systems, the following are items to be considered when selecting a coating system:

#### **Manufacturer Approved**

All coating systems applied to CSR Hebel external wall systems should be approved by the coating manufacturer as being appropriate for coating an AAC substrate.

#### **Surface Adhesion**

The substrate preparation and coating application should be in accordance with the coating manufacturer's specification.

Before applying finishes in coastal areas (refer to definition), all panels must be thoroughly washed with fresh water to remove any salt residue. Refer to coating manufacturer for additional requirements.

#### Water Resistant

The primary objective of the coating system is to prevent water ingress through it, yet allow vapour in and out of the AAC substrate.

The effectiveness of the coating can be specified by the manufacturer.

Acrylic resin coating materials have a proven water-resistance capability.

#### Vapour Permeable

For the coating to allow vapour to pass through it, the coating must be vapour permeable.

The coating system should exhibit the following performance requirement:

• w . sd  $\leq$  0.2 kg/(m . h<sup>0.5</sup>)

where;

coefficient of water absorption,  $w \le 0.5 \text{ kg/(m}^2 \cdot \text{h}^{0.5})$  and,

equivalent air layer thickness of water vapour diffusion,  $s_d \le 2m$ .

means that minimal dampness has been absorbed regardless of the time factor.

A coating with an sd = 2m has the same diffusion characteristics as a 2m thick air layer.

#### Compatibility

Ensure the coating system is compatible with the substrates. That is, acrylic resin despersion-based coatings may not adhere to silicone sealants.

#### Durability.

The coating must be durable and not deteriorate with exposure to light (UV) and weather.

#### Elasticity

The coating must be able to bridge a 1mm minimum crack width.

The coating manufacturer can specify the minimum design specification (thickness), so that the coating is serviceable.

This list of performance requirements indicates that a specific fit-for-purpose coating system should be adopted, and that a simple paint coating would most likely be an inadequate coating system. Variations to the coating system should be approved by coating system manufacturer or the representative. The coating system should have a tested history of successful application on an AAC substrate. CSR Hebel recommends the application be performed bv coating manufacturer approved applicators.

#### Sealants

All movement joints and gaps between the panels and infill framing must be filled with an appropriate flexible sealant. Refer to the 'Design & Detailing Considerations' section for more information on sealants.